

Word Study

Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking

- **5.2 Beginning reading and writing.** The student develops word structure knowledge through phonological awareness, print concepts, phonics, and morphology to communicate, decode, and spell.
- **5.3** Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively

Amplication	Instructional Focus	Heit	CHECKPOINT				
Application	Instructional Focus	Unit	1	2	3		
	Beginning Reading and Writing						
	5.2(A) (i) decoding words with consonant changes, including/t/ to /sh/ such as in select and selection and/k/ to /sh/ such as music and musician						
5.2 demonstrate and	5.2(A) (ii) decoding multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables						
apply phonetic knowledge while reading and	5.2(A) (iii) decoding words using advanced knowledge of syllable division patterns						
spelling	5.2(A) (iv) decoding words using advanced knowledge of the influence of prefixes and suffixes on base words						
	5.2(A) (v) identifying and reading high-frequency words from a research-based list						

Application		Instructional Focus	Heit	CHECKPOINT			
Application		Instructional Focus	Unit	1	2	3	
		Vocabulary					
5.3 use skills to	5.3(A)*	use print or digital resources to determine meaning, syllabication, pronunciation, and word origin					
support strategies for	5.3(B)*	use context within and beyond a sentence to determine the relevant meaning of unfamiliar words or multiple-meaning words		Data included in "Too Know: Reading Proce			
determining the meaning of unknown words	5.3(C)*	identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as trans-, super-, -ive, and -logy and roots such as geo and photo					
while reading	5.3(D)	identify, use, and explain the meaning of adages and puns					

Shared Reading

Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking

- **5.3 Vocabulary.** The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively.
- **5.4 Fluency.** The student reads grade-level text with fluency and comprehension.

Comprehension skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

5.6 Comprehension. The student uses metacognitive skills to both develop and deepen comprehension of increasingly





complex texts.

Application	Instructional Faces		l.a.*A	CH	IECKPOII	NT
Application	Instructional Focus	U	Init	1	2	3
	Tools to Know: Reading Process [®]					
5.3 use skills to support strategies for	5.3(B)* use context within and beyond a sentence to determine the re meaning of unfamiliar words or multiple-meaning words	levant				
determining the meaning of unknown words	5.4(A) use appropriate fluency (rate, accuracy, and prosody) when rea	ading				
while reading 5.4 read grade-level text with fluency	5.6(A) establish purpose for reading assigned and self-selected texts					
and comprehension; determine	5.6(B) generate questions about text before, during, and after reading deepen understanding and gain information	g to				
meaning of words	5.6(C) make and correct or confirm predictions using text features, characteristics of genre, and structures					
5.6 use the reading process to develop and deepen	5.6(D) create mental images to deepen understanding					
comprehension of increasingly complex texts	5.6(I) monitor comprehension and make adjustments such as reread using background knowledge, asking questions, and annotating understanding breaks down	_				

Application	Instructional Facus	Unit	CHECKPOINT				
Application	Instructional Focus	Unit	1	2	3		
	Tools to Know: Comprehension ®						
5.6 use the reading	5.6(E)* make connections to personal experiences, ideas in other texts, and society						
process to develop and	brocess to levelop and 5.6(F)* make inferences and use evidence to support understanding						
deepen comprehension of increasingly	5.6(G) evaluate details read to determine key ideas						
complex texts	5.6(H)* synthesize information to create new understanding						

Shared Reading (continued)

Multiple genres: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

- **5.8 Literary elements.** The student recognizes and analyzes literary elements within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse literary texts.
- **5.9 Genres.** The student recognizes and analyzes genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes within and across





increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse texts.

5.10 Author's purpose.

Application		Instructional Focus	Unit	CH 1	IECKPOI 2	NT 3
	Ways	to Show: Thinking about the Meaning				
5.8/5.9/5.10 comprehend the	Genre Ch	naracteristics				
author's purpose and meaning in increasingly	5.9(A)*	demonstrate knowledge of distinguishing characteristics of well-known children's literature such as folktales, fables, legends, myths, and tall tales (Literary)				
complex texts and in multiple genres; analyze the relationships	5.9(B)*	explain the use of sound devices and figurative language and distinguish between the poet and the speaker in poems across a variety of poetic forms (<i>Poetry</i>)				
among literary elements and	5.9(C)*	explain structure in drama such as character tags, acts, scenes, and stage directions (<i>Drama</i>)				
structures and how they	5.9(D)^	recognize characteristics and structures of informational text				
contribute to the overall meaning	5.9(D) (ii)*	[recognize characteristics and structures of informational text, including] features such as insets, timelines, explain structure in drama such as character tags, acts, scenes, and stage directions and sidebars to support understanding (Informational)				
	5.9(E)	recognize characteristics and structures of argumentative text (Argumentative)				
	5.9(F)	recognize characteristics of multimodal and digital texts (Multimodal/Digital)				
	Overall N	Meaning				
	5.8(A)*	infer multiple themes within a text using text evidence				
	5.9(D) (i)*	[recognize characteristics and structures of informational text, including] the central idea with supporting evidence				
	5.9(E) (i)	[recognize characteristics and structures of argumentative text by] identifying the claim				
	5.9(E) (iii)	[recognize characteristics and structures of argumentative text by] identifying the intended audience or reader				
	5.10(A)*	explain the author's purpose and message within a text				
	Analysis	for Deeper Meaning				
	5.8(B)*	analyze the relationships of and conflicts among the characters				
	5.8(C)*	analyze plot elements, including rising action, climax, falling action, and resolution				
	5.8(D)*	analyze the influence of the setting, including historical and cultural settings, on the plot				
		 [recognize characteristics and structures of informational text, including] organizational patterns such as logical order and order of importance 				
	5.9(E) (ii)	[recognize characteristics and structures of argumentative text by]				





explaining how the author has used facts for or against an argument	

[^] placeholder for state assessment data reporting - includes all romanettes

Shared Reading (continued)

5.10 Author's purpose and craft. The student uses critical inquiry to analyze the authors' choices and how they influence and communicate meaning within a variety of texts. The student analyzes and applies author's craft purposefully in order to develop his or her own products and performances.

Application		Instructional Focus	Unit	CH	IECKPOI	NT
Application		instructional Focus	Unit	1	2	3
	Auth	or's Craft: Thinking about the Writing				
	Point of	View				
	5.10(E)*	identify and understand the use of literary devices, including first- or third-person point of view				
	Structur	re				
5.10 analyze the authors' choices	5.10(B)	analyze how the use of text structure contributes to the author's purpose				
and how they influence meaning; apply	5.10(C)*	analyze the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes				
author's craft purposefully in	Languag	ge e				
writing and speaking	5.10(D)*	describe how the author's use of imagery, literal and figurative language such as simile and metaphor, and sound devices achieves specific purposes				
	5.10(F)	examine how the author's use of language contributes to voice				
	5.10(G)	explain the purpose of hyperbole, stereotyping, and anecdote				

Responding to Text (applied to Shared Reading)

5.7 Response skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student responds to an increasingly challenging variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed.

Application	Instructional Forms	Hait	CHECKPOINT			
Application	pplication Instructional Focus	Unit	1	2	3	
	Ways to Show (Response Skills)					
5.7 respond to an	5.7(A) describe personal connections to a variety of sources, including self-					

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increasingly		selected texts		
challenging variety of sources that are	5.7(B)	write responses that demonstrate understanding of texts, including comparing and contrasting ideas across a variety of sources		
read, heard, or viewed	5.7(C)*	use text evidence to support an appropriate response		
	5.7(D)*	retell, paraphrase, or summarize texts in ways that maintain meaning and logical order		
	annotating, freewriting, or illustrating	interact with sources in meaningful ways such as notetaking, annotating, freewriting, or illustrating		
		respond using newly acquired vocabulary as appropriate		
	5.7(G)	discuss specific ideas in the text that are important to the meaning		



Commerciales	l loit	CHECKPOINT			
Composition	Unit	1		3	
Composition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts					
5.11 Writing process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple					
texts that are legible and uses appropriate conventions.					
5.12 Genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose multiple texts that					
are meaningful.					

	Tools to Know (Writing Process) [®]	
5.11(B)	develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing by: (i)* organizing with purposeful structure, including an introduction, transitions, and a conclusion (ii)* developing an engaging idea reflecting depth of thought with specific facts and details	Included in scoring
5.11(C)	revise drafts to improve sentence structure and word choice by adding, deleting, combining, and rearranging ideas for coherence and clarity	rubric to determine score code
5.11(D)	edit drafts using standard English conventions	

	Application	Unit	CHECKPOINT			
	Application	Unit	1	2	3	
5.12(A)	compose literary texts such as personal narratives, fiction, and poetry using genre characteristics and craft					
5.12(B)	compose informational texts, including brief compositions that convey information about a topic, using a clear central idea and genre characteristics and craft					
5.12(C)	compose argumentative texts, including opinion essays, using genre characteristics and craft					
5.12(D)	compose correspondence that requests information					

Revision		CHECKPOINT			
		1		3	
Composition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts					
5.11 Writing process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple					
texts that are legible and uses appropriate conventions.					
5.12 Genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose multiple texts that					
are meaningful.					

Application	Tools to Know (Writing Process) ^(§)	Unit	CHECKPOINT				
Application	Tools to know (Writing Process)		1	2	3		
5.12(A) compose literary texts such as personal narratives, fiction, and poetry using genre characteristics and craft 5.12(B) compose	5.11(B) (i) [develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing by] organizing with purposeful structure, including an introduction, transitions, and a conclusion						
informational texts, including brief compositions that convey information about a topic, using a clear central idea and genre characteristics and craft	5.11(B) (ii) [develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing by] developing an engaging idea with relevant details						



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5.12(C) compose argumentative texts, including opinion essays, using genre characteristics and craft					
essa char	characteristics and	1	revise drafts to improve sentence structure and word choice by adding, deleting, combining, and rearranging ideas for		
5.12(D)	compose correspondence that requests information	(coherence and clarity		

۲.4:±:		Unit	СН	ECKPOI	NT
Editi	ng	Onit	1		3
Develo	pping and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking				
5.2	Beginning reading and writing. The student develops word structure knowledge through phonological				
	awareness, print concepts, phonics, and morphology to communicate, decode, and spell.				
Comp	osition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts				
5.11	Writing process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are				
	legible and uses appropriate conventions.				
5.12	Genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose multiple texts that are meaningful.				

	Application	Instructional Focus: Encoding (Writing)	Unit	CHECKPOINT			
	Application		Unit	1	2	3	
	words with close including digraph syllables 5.2(B) (ii) [demonstrate and apply phonetic knowledge while reading and spelling 5.2(B) (iii) [demonstrate and and/k/ to /sh/ st [demonstrate and words with mult spelling words with mult spelling for provided in the spelling spelling for provided in the spelling spelling words with mult spelling for provided in the spelling spelling for provided in the spelling spelling for provided in the spelling spelling spelling spelling for provided in the spelling sp	[demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by:] spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables					
5.2		5.2(B) (ii)	[demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by:] spelling words with consonant changes, including/t/ to /sh/ such as in select and selection and/k/ to /sh/ such as music and musician				
		5.2(B) (iii)	[demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by:] spelling multisyllabic words with multiple sound-spelling patterns				
		5.2(B) (iv)	[demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by:] spelling words using advanced knowledge of syllable division patterns				
		[demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by:] spelling words using knowledge of prefixes					
		5.2(B) (vi)	[demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by:] spelling words using knowledge of suffixes, including how they can change base words such as dropping e, changing y to i, and doubling final consonants				

Application		Tools to Know (Writing Process)	Unit	CHECKPOINT		
Application		Tools to know (writing Process)		1	2	3
5.12(A) compose literary texts such as	5.11(B) (i)	[develop drafts by] organizing with purposeful structure, including an introduction, transitions, and a conclusion			include Revision	
personal narratives, fiction, and poetry using	5.11(D) (i)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] complete simple and compound sentences with subject-verb agreement and avoidance of splices, run-ons, and fragments				
genre characteristics and craft	5.11(D) (ii)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] past tense of irregular verbs				
5.12(B) compose	5.11(D) (iii)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] collective nouns				
informational texts, including	5.11(D) (iv)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] adjectives, including their comparative and superlative forms				
brief compositions that convey	5.11(D) (v)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] conjunctive adverbs				
information about a topic, using a clear central idea	5.11(D) (vi)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] prepositions and prepositional phrases and their influence on subject-verb agreement				
and genre characteristics and	5.11(D) (vii)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] pronouns, including indefinite				
craft	5.11(D) (viii)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] subordinating				



5.12(C)	ocompose argumentative texts, including opinion essays, using genre characteristics and craft		conjunctions to form complex sentences		
		5.11(D) (ix)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] capitalization of abbreviations, initials, acronyms, and organizations		
		5.11(D) (x)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] italics and underlining for titles and emphasis and punctuation marks, including quotation marks in dialogue and commas in compound and complex sentences		
5.12(D)	compose correspondence that requests information	5.11(D) (xi)	[edit drafts using standard English conventions, including] correct spelling of words with grade-appropriate orthographic patterns and rules and high-frequency words		

Handwriting

Although handwriting is no longer an instruction focus, the expectation is that students are proficient in both manuscript style (printing) and cursive handwriting.

Social Studies Connections

Integrating Social Studies with Reading and Writing

Research Project

Spring: Complete the research project through independent research and an independent writing product.

- -Students will identify a question on a given topic from Social Studies. Questions can be different for each student.
- -Students will gather research to answer their research question using print, digital and primary sources
- -Students will synthesize the information and formulate 5 paragraphs (6-8) sentences each) to share the information.

This should include an introduction, 3 body paragraphs, and a conclusion.

Religion Connections

Integrating Catholic Identity with Reading and Writing

Virtues in Practice

Journal entries relating to saints of the month.

Writing prompts in relation to the virtues for the month.

Oral language skills through presentations and discussion.

Synthesizing information as students make connections to their daily life, other characters they meet in literature, and members of their school/parish community.

Research Project

Fall: Complete the research project through independent research and an independent writing product.

-Students will identify a question on a given topic from the religion standards. Students may have different questions/topics.

example: How can I engage in promoting responsible stewardship of God's creation?

example: Research an organization that serves the needs of the poor.

- -Students will work collaboratively to gather research to answer their research question or address the topic using print, digital and primary sources
- -Students will synthesize the information and formulate 5 paragraphs (6-8 sentences each) to share the information. This should include an introduction, 3 body paragraphs, and a conclusion.

Oral Language



• Create an oral presentation showing how Mary is honored by Catholics as the Mother of God. This should include an explanation of how and why we pray the Rosary.



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